



Business climate

Despite the global pandemic, many employers adapted to maintain or grow their workforce. Employers had a mostly positive outlook for the year ahead.

Workforce

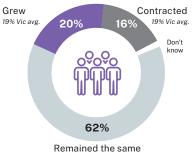
More employers reported growing their workforce over the past 12 months (compared to the state average).

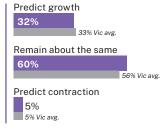
Outlook

Employers in the industry were optimistic about their business outlook. Fewer expected to contract and more expected to grow or remain the same size.

Impacts of COVID-19

COVID-19 skills-related challenges experienced by employers in the industry were lower than the state average.









Skills

COVID-19 presented the most common skill challenge in the past year. More employers are expecting skill shortages in 2022 than in 2021.

Skills shortages

One in five employers in the industry expect to face skills shortages in 2022. This was similar to the state average.





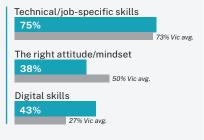
Skills challenges

The top skills challenges reported by employers were the same across all industries. They were:



Skills needs

More employers reported needing workers with job-specific skills. Fewer needed workers with job-ready skills or the right mindset compared to the state average.



Indicates state wide average for Victoria



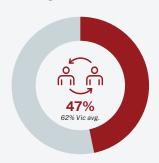




Most employers in the industry had undertaken some recruitment activity over the past year and the majority reported experiencing challenges.

Recruitment need

Fewer employers in the industry undertook some form of recruitment over the past 12 months, compared to the state average.



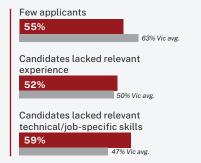
Recruitment challenges

Almost three in four employers reported having difficulties recruiting for particular roles. This was similar to the state average.



Type of challenge

The most common challenges faced by employers were related to the number, experience and jobspecific skills of candidates.





Almost two-thirds of employers in the industry engaged in some form of staff training.

Engagement in training

More employers in the industry used external training only. Fewer used internal training or both internal and external training (35% compared to 37% state average).





Satisfaction with training

Satisfaction levels were higher than the state average for improved staff performance and quality, and similar for industry knowledge and price.



Skillsets

Just over two-thirds of employers said they would consider a skillset (micro credential or part qualification) rather than a full qualification to upskill their staff.





Employers continue to make use of apprentices, trainees and work placements to assist them in filling the skills pipeline.

Apprentices and trainees

Uptake of apprentices and trainees over the past 12 months was lower than the state average.



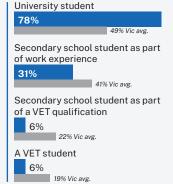
Challenges

Employers in the industry cited cost as the most common barrier. Fewer reported lack of suitable applicants was a barrier.



Work placement students

Fewer employers in the industry took on work placement students (18% compared to 21% for Victoria). The most common type of work placement students were:



Indicates state wide average for Victoria



