

# Victorian Employer Skills Survey 2021

## Wholesale Trade

The Victorian Skills Authority (VSA) asked businesses about their skills, recruitment and training needs for the Victorian Employer Skills Survey 2021.

Findings from the survey will help the Victorian government identify areas of skills demand, drive innovation across the VET sector and better plan for Victoria's future training needs.

The VSA conducted the survey between August and December 2021. It approached 70,000 businesses and achieved a response rate of 20.5%, with coverage across all industries, business sizes and regions in the state.

**i** The statistics below reflect the experience of employers across the five key survey domains: Business climate | Skills | Recruitment | Training | Apprentices, trainees and work placements

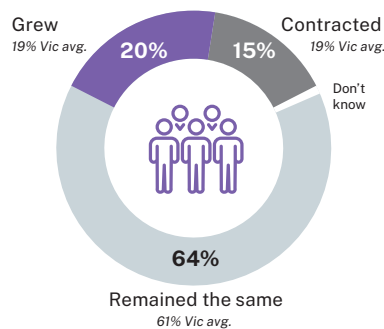


### Business Climate

Despite the global pandemic, many employers adapted to maintain or grow their workforce. Employers had a mostly positive outlook for the year ahead.

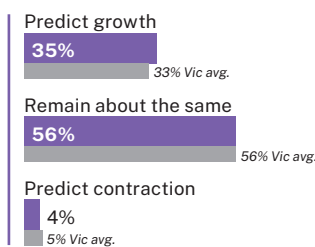
#### Workforce

More employers reported growing their workforce over the past 12 months (compared to the state average).



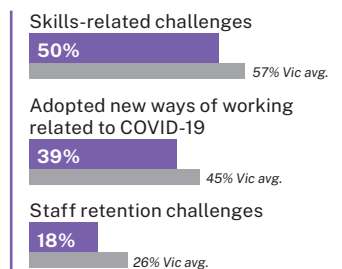
#### Outlook

Employers in the industry were confident about their business outlook. More were expecting their workforce to grow or remain the same size.



#### Impacts of COVID-19

COVID-19 skills-related challenges experienced by employers in the industry were lower than the state average.

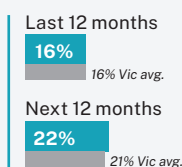


### Skills

Finding candidates with the right skills presented the most common skill challenge in the past year. More employers are expecting skills shortages in 2022 than in 2021.

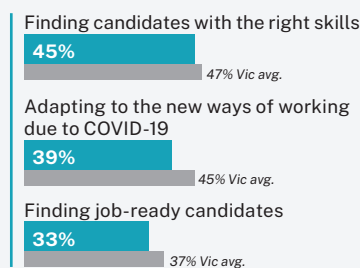
#### Skills shortages

Around one in five employers in the industry expect to face skills shortages in 2022. This was similar to the state average.



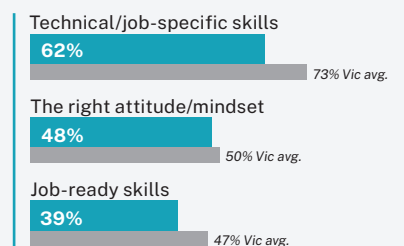
#### Skills challenges

The top skills challenges reported by employers were the same across all industries. They were:



#### Skills needs

Fewer employers in the industry reported needing technical/job-specific skills or workers with the right attitude or mindset compared to the state average.



■ Indicates state wide average for Victoria

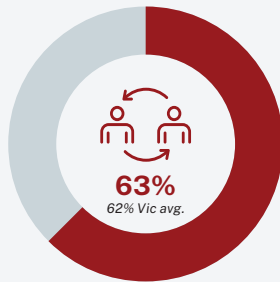


## Recruitment

**Most employers in the industry had undertaken some recruitment activity over the past year and the majority reported experiencing challenges.**

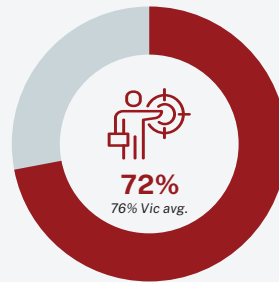
### Recruitment need

More employers in the industry undertook some form of recruitment over the past 12 months, compared to the state average.



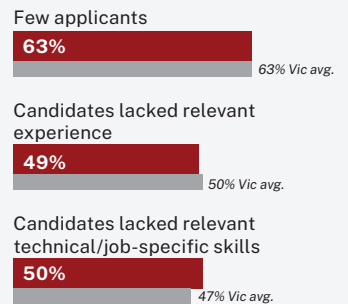
### Recruitment challenges

Fewer employers in the industry reported having difficulties recruiting for particular roles compared to the state average.



### Type of challenge

The most common challenges faced by employers were related to the number, experience and job-specific skills of candidates.

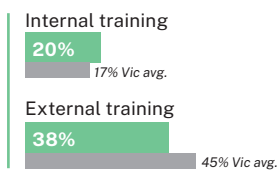


## Training

**More than half of employers in the industry engaged in some form of staff training.**

### Engagement in training

More employers in the industry used internal training or both internal and external training (41% compared to 37% state average). Fewer used external training only.



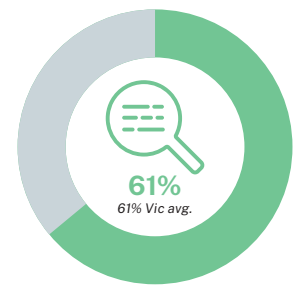
### Satisfaction with training

Satisfaction levels were higher than the state average for improved staff performance, but lower for industry knowledge and price.



### Skillsets

Three in five employers said they would consider a skillset (micro credential or part qualification) rather than a full qualification to upskill their staff.

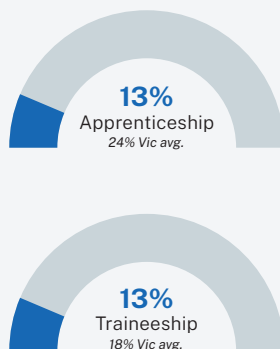


## Apprentices, Trainees and Work Placements

**Employers continue to make use of apprentices, trainees and work placements to assist them in filling the skills pipeline.**

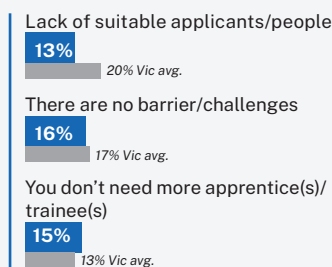
### Apprentices and trainees

Uptake of apprentices and trainees over the past 12 months was lower than the state average.



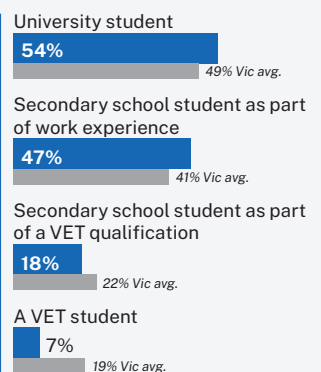
### Challenges

More employers in the industry reported that there were no barriers to uptake or they did not need any more apprentices or trainees.



### Work placement students

Fewer employers in the industry took on work placement students (13% compared to 21% for Victoria). The most common type of work placement students were:



■ Indicates state wide average for Victoria

